

Azure SQL Database Administration

Course Overview

- This is 100% hands-on course; students will learn about running SQL Server in Azure.
- Helps to prepare 70-765 Microsoft exams.
- We will discuss all the concepts with our on-premises data center and Azure platform.
- The primary focus of this course is SQL Server cloud and hybrid-cloud solutions on both Azure Platform as a Service (PaaS) and Azure Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS).
- This course will cover best practices for deploying SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines including standalone SQL Servers and hybrid Availability Groups.

Target Participants

- SQL Server Database Administrators
- Working people, Students, IT Professionals

Learning Formats

• Online interactive and video based training

Our Trainer (s)

This course is delivered by **SQL Server expert and SME Mr. Kareem Syed.** He has hands on working experience on various SQL Server versions and recent cloud platforms. Having 14+years hand on experience he is technical consultant for some of the MNCs. You can visit his blog **at**

www.azure-sql.blogspot.com for more details.



1. Getting started with cloud and Microsoft Azure

- What is cloud computing?
- Cloud computing benefits as compared with on-premises environment.
- Different cloud services
 - o laaS, PaaS, SaaS
- Cloud computing deployment models.
 - o Public, Private, Hybrid and Community
- Introduction to Microsoft Azure
- Benefits and Features
- SQL database implementation in Azure
 - o Azure SQL Database
 - o SQL Managed Instance
 - o SQL VMs

2. Designing and implementing Azure SQL Databases (PaaS for SQL Server)

- What Azure SQL Database?
- Differences between Azure SQL Database and Azure SQL VM.
- Advantages and common features of SQL Database.
- Difference between on-premises and Azure SQL Database.
- Un-supported features in SQL Database.
- Step by Step process to create
 - Azure SQL Database using portal.
 - Azure SQL database using Azure CLI
 - Azure SQL database using Powershell
- Different service tiers for SQL Database
- Determining appropriate service tier for SQL databases.
- Changing service tiers.
- Common configurations
 - Configuring Instance level firewall rules.
 - Configuring database level firewall rules.
 - Verifying instance and SQL database properties.
 - Creating database users and configuring DNS to application access.
 - Verifying application access connection strings.



3. Designing and implementing Azure SQL Databases

- Migrating on-premises databases to Azure SQL Database.
- Migration considerations.
- Migration methodology.
- Migration Tools and options
 - o Deploy database to Windows SQL Database wizard.
 - Export Data Tier application (. BACPAC)
 - Using Export and Import wizard.
 - Using DMA Tool.
 - SQLPackage.exe
- Optimizing data transfer
- Migration issues
- Implementing Transactional Replication

4. Post Migration Steps

- Set up server-level firewall rules for your server in the Azure portal
- Set up database-level firewall rules for your database using SSMS
- Connect to your database using a secure connection string
- Manage user access
- Dynamic Data Masking
- Protect your data with encryption
- Enable SQL Database auditing
- Enable SQL Database threat detection

5. Configuring and implementing security for Azure SQL Databases

- Authentication layers
- Firewall rules
 - o Managing the Server-Level Firewall Rules using the Azure Portal
 - Managing the Server-Level Firewall Rules using Transact-SQL
 - Managing Database-Level Firewall Rules using Transact-SQL

• Authentication Options

- SQL Authentication
- Azure Active Directory Authentication
 - Azure SQL Database Authentication Structure
 - Azure SQL Database Authentication Considerations
 - Creating Contained Database Users for Azure AD Authentication
 - Groups and Roles
- Row-Level Security



6. Microsoft Azure SQL Data Sync

- Exporting data from SQL server Azure SQL database.
- Sharing data between multiple locations.
- Scaling out
- Creating sync group.
- Creating sync rules.
- Running manual sync.
- Azure to Azure
- Azure to On-Premises
- Establishing conflict resolution.
- Creating an automated sync schedule.
- Creating sync agent.

7. Azure SQL Database Backups and Restore Options

- Automatic Backups.
 - Backup Types
 - Backup default schedules
 - Backup storage
 - Backup retention period
 - Configuring Long term backups

Manual Backups

- Backing up the Azure SQL Database using SSMS
- DACPAC and BACPAC
- o Manual versus Automated Backups

Restore Types

- o Point-in-time restores
- o Long-Term Database Restore
- Restoring Deleted Databases
- o Geo-Restore Database

• Elastic Pools

- Introducing Elastic Pools
- O When Should You Consider Elastic Pools?
- Elastic Jobs



8. Designing and implementing High Availability, Disaster recovery

- Design and implement high availability solutions.
- Design and implement scalable solutions.
- Implement SQL Database data recovery.
- Implementing geo-replication for high availability.
- Verifying replication
- Configuring database level firewalls.
- Creating users and allowing appls to connect
- Monitoring using T-SQL commands
- Monitoring using Powershell
- Performing manual failover.
- Configuring multiple secondary sites.
- Configure an active geo-replication failover group.
- Removing replication.

9. Monitoring and Troubleshooting

- Manage SQL Server in Azure VMs with PowerShell,
- Manage Azure SQL Database with PowerShell,
- Configure Automation and Runbooks
- Scheduling backups.
- Designing and tuning for scalability and high performance
- Monitoring using Management portal.
- Microsoft Azure service dashboard.
- SQL database management portal.
- Using DMVs and DMFs

10. Designing and implementing Azure SQL VMs

- What is Azure SQL VM?
- Introduction to Storage Service.
- Working with Azure Networks.
- Provisioning SQL Server on Azure VM
- Configuring FireWalls
- Creating logins
- Verifying VM architecture
- Configuring common SQL instance features
- Migrating on-premises databases to Azure SQL VM.
- Backup and Restore to URL.



- Using AzCopy with detach attach approach
- Convert on-premises physical machine to Hyper-V VHD, upload to Azure Blob storage, and then deploy as new VM using uploaded VHD.
- Using on-premises AO primary replica with Azure secondary replica.
- Using transactional replication.
- Common Issues and troubleshooting
- Post migration steps.

11. Interview preparation FAQs and Exam Tips.

